AN INTRAMOLECULAR DIELS-ALDER APPROACH TO THE GALANTHAN RING SYSTEM

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ABSTRACT: A novel "phenylbutadiene + Δ^2 -pyrroline" intramolecular cycloaddition has been used to construct a functionalized galanthan.

Construction of the galanthan ring system $(\underline{1})$, common to many Amaryllidacaea alkaloids 1 (lycorine, $\underline{2}$, for example) has been the focus of many studies since the early sixties. 2 Most natural substances of this structural type exhibit a highly functionalized and sensitive C-ring. A novel intramolecular Diels-Alder approach (Scheme I) to a galanthan $(\underline{4a})$ suitably functionalized for further elaboration to naturally occurring C-ring functional arrays is the subject of this report.

The preparation of amide 3 was accomplished as follows. Slow addition of any HMPA solution of 2-carboxybenzaldehyde and diethyl 2-(cyclohexylamino)vinyl phosphonate (1.1 equiv.) to an HMPA slurry of NaH (2.2 equiv.) at 30-40° followed by stirring at room temperature overnight, quenching with MeI (5 equiv.) and acidic workup afforded $7a^{6a,c}$ (m.p.=45-46) in 50% yield. Treatment of 7a with Me_3SiCH_2MgCl⁵(1.1 equiv.) in THF (0°, inverse addition) and elimination of the crude silyl carbinol (pentane-50% acetic acid, two phase) yielded $7b^{6a}$ (75%). Saponification afforded the diene acid $7c^{6a,c}$ (m.p.=100-105). Phosphine mediated condensation of 7c with 3-carbomethoxypyrrolidine 6a,8 (1 equiv. 7c, 1.3 equiv.

SCHEME I

 $\emptyset_3^{\rm P}$, 3 equiv. BrCCl $_3$ in THF followed by addition of 4 equiv. of the pyrrolidine then 75° for 1 hr; 80%) yielded 8^{6a} which was converted to pyrroline 3^{6a-c} by sequential treatment with lithium tetramethylpiperidide (1.3 equiv., THF, -78°, 15 min), I $_2$ (1.1 equiv., THF, -78°, 15 min) and DBU (2 equiv., THF, -78° +-10°, 10 hr) in 35-40% overall yield from 8. None of the undesired Δ^3 isomer was obtained.

Cyclization of $\underline{3}$ (degassed o-dichlorobenzene, 0.01M, reflux, 2.5 hr; 84%) proceeded to a mixture of amides $\underline{4a}^{6a,b}$ and $\underline{b}^{6a,b}$. In the PMR spectrum, the olefinic signals of each amide (not readily separable by chromatography) in the mixture were well separated. Integration revealed a 0.84:1 ratio of $\underline{4a:4b}$. Epoxidation (m-chloroperbenzoic acid, $\mathrm{CH_2Cl_2}$; 92%) of this mixture and chromatography allowed separation of two major epoxides $\underline{9}^{6a,b}$ and $\underline{10}^{6a,b}$ ($\underline{9.10}$ is 1:1.67; 70% of epoxide mixture). Further confirmation of the structure of $\underline{9}$ was obtained by conversion to diacetate $\underline{11}^{6a,b}$ (catalytic $\mathrm{HClO_4}$, THF , $\mathrm{H_2O}$, 60^{O} then $\mathrm{Ac_2O}$, pyridine; 65%). The essential features of the PMR spectrum of $\underline{11}$ agree with the published data for related naturally derived substances (i.e. $\underline{12}$).

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The novel use of a Δ^2 -pyrroline dienophile 10 in an <u>intramolecular</u> cyclo addition establishes this method for the construction of complex heterocyclic systems. The disappointing stereochemical outcome of the cyclization is somewhat perplexing since in a related tetrahydropyridine system, 5, opposite stereospecificity is observed 11 (3.5 hr in refluxing o-dichlorobenzene; 74%, 6a.6b=2:1). The very subtle differences observed in the internal cyclizations of 3 and 5 serve to illustrate the delicate nature of the interactions control ing the stereochemistry of intramolecular Diels-Alder reactions. $^{12}, 13$

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- 12) We have recently observed a <u>stereospecific</u> cyclization of \underline{i} to the 3,12-didehydrogalanthan ring system. A report on this work will appear in due course.

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